CHAPTER 9

LOCAL BUDGET LAW. LIMITATION ON MUNICIPAL EXPENDITURES

S. F. 109

AN ACT to amend section three hundred eighty (380), Code, 1931, as amended by chapter fourteen (14), acts Forty-fifth General Assembly, relating to the limitation on expenditures of certain municipalities.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

- SECTION 1. Section three hundred eighty (380), Code, 1931, as amended by chapter fourteen (14), acts Forty-fifth General Assem-3
- bly, is hereby amended by adding to said section the following:
 "And except that any city having a population over twenty-four 4 thousand (24,000) and not exceeding twenty-seven thousand (27,000) 5 may, during 1933 and prior to April 1, 1934, exceed its levy in the street improvement fund by any sum not exceeding twenty-five thousand (25,000) dollars." 8
- 1 SEC. 2. This act, being deemed of immediate importance, shall take 2 effect and be in force from and after its publication in the Clin-3 ton Herald, a newspaper published in the city of Clinton, Iowa, and 4 in the DeWitt Observer, a newspaper published in the city of DeWitt,

Iowa, without expense to the state.

Senate File No. 109. Approved January 13, 1934.

I hereby certify that the foregoing act was published in the Clinton Herald, January 19, 1934, and DeWitt Observer, January 18, 1934.

MRS. ALEX MILLER, Secretary of State.

CHAPTER 10

MILITARY CODE

S. F. 276

AN ACT to revise and modernize the military laws of the state of Iowa, to define the military force of this state, to provide for their organization, equipment, training, pay and regulation, to provide for the incorporation of companies and organizations therein, to prohibit the unauthorized wearing of the military uniform, to provide for the appointment and retirement of officers, to provide for the use of the military force of this state, to provide for military courts and define their duties, to provide for the issuance and protection of state and government property and funds, to provide for the appointment of the adjutant general and other officers and boards, to provide for the control and improvement of the military reservation and rifle ranges, to make certain appropriations for the support of the military force, to repeal chapter twenty-eight (28), Code, 1931, and chapters seventeen (17) and eighteen (18) of the acts of the Forty-fifth General Assembly, relating to and constituting the military laws of this state.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

- SECTION 1. Military forces. The military forces of this state shall consist of those persons subject to military duty in the militia
- 3 as defined in the constitution of the state, and those persons subject
- to duty in the national guard as defined in the national defense act
- of the United States, except that honorably discharged soldiers,

sailors, and marines of the United States shall be exempt from mili-7 tary service in this state at their election.

SEC. 2. General definitions. When used in this act, the following words, terms and phrases shall have the following meanings:

The word "militia" shall mean the forces provided for in the con-

stitution of Iowa.

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The term "national guard" shall mean that part of the military force of the state that is organized, equipped and federally recognized under the provisions of the national defense act of the United States as the "national guard of the United States and the state of Iowa." It shall also include the term "national guard of the state of Iowa." The word "company" as used in this act shall be understood and

construed to include a company of infantry, engineers, signal corps, a flight of the air service, a battery of field artillery, a troop of cavalry, or any similar organization in any branch of the military service authorized by federal law for this state, including a permanent detachment.

The word "battalion" applies in like manner to "squadron" of cavalry, and of the air service.

The term "active service" shall be understood and construed to be service on behalf of the state, in case of public disaster, riot, tumult, breach of the peace, resistance of process, or whenever the same is threatened, whenever called upon in aid of civil authorities, or under martial law, or at encampments whether ordered by state or federal authority, or upon any other duty requiring the entire time of the organization or person, except when called or drafted into the federal service by the president of the United States.

The term "on duty" shall include periods of drill and such other training and service as may be required under state or federal law,

regulations, or orders.

The terms "in service of the United States" and "not in service of the United States", used herein, shall be understood to mean and be the same as such terms are used in the national defense act of congress, approved June 3, 1916, and amendments thereto.

- SEC. 3. Military organizations prohibited. It shall be unlawful for any body of men, other than the national guard and the troops of the United States, to associate themselves together as a military organization within the limits of this state without the written permission of the governor, which he may at any time revoke, but this provision shall not prevent civic, social, or benevolent organizations from wearing uniforms and swords not in conflict with the other provisions of this chapter.
- SEC. 4. Uniform—by whom worn—when—penalty. Every person who at any time wears a uniform of the United States army, 3 navy, marine corps, or the national guard, or any part of such uniform, or a uniform or a part of a uniform similar thereto, within the bounds of the state, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and if found guilty of such offense, he shall be punished by a fine of not less than fifty dollars and not more than one hundred dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding thirty days, or by both such fine

and imprisonment; provided, that nothing in this section shall be construed as prohibiting officers or enlisted men of the national guard 10 11 of the state of Iowa, or any other state, or of the United States army, 12 navy, marine corps, or revenue service, or forest service, or cadets 13 of any university, college or school, from wearing such uniform or parts of uniform, while on military duty or duty connected there-14 with; and provided, further, that nothing in this section shall be con-15 strued as prohibiting members of any veterans' association from 16 wearing their uniforms; and provided, further, that nothing in this 17 18 section shall be construed as prohibiting persons of the theatrical 19 profession from wearing such uniforms in any playhouse or theatre 20 while actually engaged in following their profession, and provided, 21 further, that nothing in this section shall be construed as prohibiting 22 the uniformed ranks of civic societies from parading or traveling 23 in a body or being in encampments, or going to or from their places 24 of meeting or assembling in a lodge room in their adopted uniforms.

- SEC. 5. Not to be discriminated against. No person shall discriminate against any officer or enlisted man of the national guard because of his membership therein. No person shall prohibit or 3 refuse entrance to any officer or enlisted man of the army or navy of the United States, or of the military forces of this state, into any public entertainment or place of amusement because such officer or enlisted man is wearing a uniform of the organization to which he belongs. No employer, officer or agent of any corporation, company, firm or other person, shall discharge any person from employment because of being an officer, warrant officer or enlisted man of 10 the military forces of the state, or hinder or prevent him from per-11 12 forming any military service he may be called upon to perform by proper authority, in respect to his employment, trade or business. 13 Any person violating any of the provisions of this section shall be 14 15 punished by a fine of not to exceed one hundred dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail for a period of not to exceed thirty 16 days, or by both such fine and imprisonment. 17
 - SEC. 6. Organization—armament equipment discipline. The organization, armament, equipment and discipline of the national guard, and the militia when called into active service, except as hereinafter specifically provided, shall be the same as that which is now or may be hereafter prescribed under the provisions of federal law and regulations as to those requirements which are mandatory therein, but as to those things which are optional therein they shall become effective when an order or regulation to that effect shall have been promulgated by the governor.
 - SEC. 7. Composition of national guard. The national guard shall consist of such organizations as may be specified by the secretary of war, with the approval of the governor, in accordance with federal law and regulations.
 - SEC. 8. Regulations governing. The national guard shall be subject to the provisions of federal law and regulations relating to the government, discipline and uniforming thereof, and to the provisions

4 of the military code of Iowa, and to regulations published pursuant 5 thereto.

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SEC. 9. Incorporation of companies. Companies may incorporate under the chapter of the code of Iowa authorizing corporations not for pecuniary profit. The articles of incorporation may provide for the methods of administration of civil business, and may provide for such officers as may be deemed necessary. The articles of incorporation shall be approved by the regimental commander and the adjutant general, and such approval indorsed thereon, before the same are recorded. They must provide, among other things, that the name of the corporation shall be identical with the military designation of the organization, and that the officers of the company shall be officers of the corporation.

SEC. 10. Rules and by-laws—capacity to sue. Each company may make rules and by-laws for its own government, not in conflict with existing laws, regulations and orders, subject to the approval of the regimental commander. Any person who is, by such rules and by-laws, made the custodian of any funds, whether originally derived from federal, state or other sources, shall have legal capacity to sue for the collection thereof or an accounting therefor.

Qualifications of officers. Officers of the national guard. except the adjutant general, the assistant adjutant general, the United States property and disbursing officer, and/or the state quartermaster, shall be selected from the classes of persons having the qualifications prescribed by federal law and regulations. They shall be appointed by the governor upon the recommendation of their superiors in the chain of command. They shall be commissioned when they shall have successfully passed such tests as to physical, moral and professional fitness as shall be prescribed by federal law and regulations. Each officer when commissioned shall take the oath of office prescribed by congress, and shall hold office until he shall have attained the age of sixty-four years, unless his commission is sooner vacated by resignation, death or as hereinafter provided. In case the officer has no immediate superiors, within the state, in the chain of command, he shall be appointed, as above provided, upon the recommendation of the adjutant general. The commission shall designate the arm or branch of service in which the officer is commissioned.

SEC. 12. Commissions may be vacated. The moral character, capacity and general fitness for the service of any national guard officer may be determined at any time by an efficiency board as provided by federal law and regulations. Commissions of officers of the national guard may be vacated upon resignation, absence without leave for three months, upon the recommendation of an efficiency board, or pursuant to sentence of a court martial. Any officer permanently removing from the state shall resign his commission upon request of the adjutant general or make application to be placed upon the inactive list, and upon failure so to do, his commission shall be revoked by the governor. Officers rendered surplus by the disbandment of their organization shall be disposed of as provided by federal law and regulations. Officers may, upon their own application, be

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14 placed on the inactive list, as may be authorized by federal law and regulations.

SEC. 13. Unassigned list. There shall be maintained in the office of the adjutant general a list to be known as the unassigned list, to which officers may be transferred, pending their resignation or removal from the service. Any officer may be transferred by the adjutant general to such unassigned list upon the recommendation of his commanding officer, either immediate or remote. Before such transfer is made the adjutant general shall notify the officer, either in person or by registered letter mailed to his last known address of the intended transfer. The officer shall have ten days from the date of mailing of said notice in which to apply to the adjutant general for an efficiency board. Should the officer fail to apply for an efficiency board, the transfer shall be made upon the expiration of the ten-day period. If the officer requests an efficiency board, the adjutant general will be governed by the finding of such board. All officers transferred to such unassigned list shall remain subject to military discipline and to courts martial for military offenses to the same extent and in like manner as if upon the active list.

SEC. 14. Inactive national guard. An inactive national guard may be organized and maintained as may be prescribed or authorized by federal law and regulations.

SEC. 15. Retirement of commissioned officers. Any commissioned officer of the national guard who has, or shall have served as such 3 officer for a period of not less than ten years in the national guard, or who has, or shall have served, for a period of not less than ninety days, in the army or navy of the United States during any war, and who is honorably discharged therefrom, and who has, or shall have served as such officer in the national guard for a period of not less than five years, who resigns or is retired, or who is now or may 9 hereafter become disabled and retired, may, upon his request in writ-10 ing to the adjutant general, stating his grounds therefor, be placed, by order of the commander-in-chief, on a roll in the office of the adjutant general to be known as the "roll of retired officers." Any 11 12 13 officer registered on the roll of retired officers as above provided is 14 entitled to wear the uniform of the rank last held by him on state 15 or other occasions of ceremony, when the wearing of such uniform is not in conflict with federal law. The adjutant general shall have the power, on good cause shown, to retire any officer, as herein pro-16 17 18 vided, in the next higher grade held by said officer during his mili-19 tary service.

SEC. 16. Officers—powers and duties—administration of oaths. In addition to the powers and duties prescribed in this chapter, all commissioned officers of the national guard shall have the same powers and perform the same duties as commissioned officers of similar rank and position in the army of the United States insofar as may be authorized by federal law. They are authorized to administer oaths in all matters connected with the service.

1 SEC. 17. Bonds of officers. Each officer to whom there shall be 2 issued, or who shall be accountable for arms, equipment, uniforms,

and any other state or United States property for military uses, or who shall have the control, custody, or disbursement of funds as pro-vided for in this chapter, shall, before the delivery to him of such arms, equipment, uniform, and other state or United States property, and the receipt of such funds, execute and deliver to the adjutant general a bond therefor, with sureties to be approved by the governor, and payable to the state, in such amount as may be fixed by the governor, conditioned for the proper care, use, and return in good order, wear, use, and unavoidable loss and damage excepted, of all such state and United States property, and the proper care and faithful disbursement and accounting of all funds coming into the hands of such officer. Upon the violation of any of the conditions of such bond, action thereon shall be brought by the adjutant general on behalf of the state, and any recovery thereon shall be credited to the guard funds of the state. It shall be the duty of the attorney general of the state to prosecute all actions upon such bonds.

SEC. 18. Accounting to adjutant general. No further payments shall be made under any provision of this chapter to the accountable officer of any organization or unit who does not fully and satisfactorily account to the adjutant general for all moneys theretofore paid to him under any provisions of this chapter.

SEC. 19. False certificate or return. Any officer or soldier of the national guard who knowingly makes any false certificate of muster or false return of federal or state property or funds in his possession shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

SEC. 20. Misuse of funds or property. Any officer or soldier of the national guard who wilfully neglects or refuses to apply all money, in his possession drawn from the state treasury, to the purpose for which such money was appropriated or who fails or refuses to account for or return any state or federal property or funds in his possession shall be guilty of the crime of embezzlement by bailee and punished accordingly.

SEC. 21. Compensation for services, death and injury. Officers and enlisted men while in active service of the state shall receive the same pay and allowances as paid for the same rank or grade for service in the army of the United States.

In the event any officer or enlisted man shall be killed while on duty or in active service, in line of duty, or shall die as a result of injuries received while on duty or in active service, in line of duty, his dependents, as defined by the workmen's compensation law of the state, shall receive the maximum compensation as provided by the said law.

Officers and/or enlisted men who suffer injuries or contract disease, in line of duty, while on duty or in active service, shall receive hospitalization and medical treatment, and the pay and allowances of their grade during the period that they are unable to resume their civilian occupation; but no commissioned officer shall be paid after the termination of said service or duty more than the pay and allowances of a second lieutenant.

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18 All payments herein provided for shall be paid on the approval of the adjutant general by warrant drawn against any state funds not 19 20 otherwise appropriated.

21 In the event of compensation for said service, death or injuries, being paid in part by the federal government, the state shall pay 22 23 only the balance necessary to make the above designated amounts.

Enlistments. All enlistments in the national guard shall be as prescribed by federal law and regulations.

State staff corps and detachment. SEC. 23. The number and grade of officers and enlisted men in the state staff corps and detach-3 ment shall be as prescribed by federal law and regulations, but in 4 case of war, invasion, insurrection, riot or imminent danger thereof, the governor may temporarily increase such force to meet such emergency. All officers of state staff corps and detachment appointed shall have had previous military experience and shall hold their positions until they shall have reached the age of sixty-four years, unless retired prior to that time by reason of resignation, disability, or for 9 cause to be determined by an efficiency board or a court martial, as 10 11 the exigencies of the case may warrant, legally convened for that purpose, and vacancies among said officers shall be filled by appoint-12 13 ment from the officers of the national guard.

1 SEC. 24. Exemptions. Every officer and soldier of the national 2 guard shall be exempt from jury duty and the payment of poll tax 3 and/or labor on the road on account of poll tax during his term of 4 service. No member of the national guard shall be arrested, or served with any summons, order, warrant, or other civil process after having been ordered to any duty, or while going to, attending, or returning from, any place to which he is required to go for mili-6 7 8 tary duty. Nothing herein shall prevent his arrest by order of a 9 military officer or for a felony or breach of the peace committed while not in the actual performance of his duty. The articles of equipment 10 personally owned by such members shall be exempt from seizure or 11 sale for debt. Every member of the national guard who has faith-12 fully served the full term of his commission or enlistment, shall, 13 upon application, be entitled to an honorable discharge, exempting 14 him from military duty except in time of war or public danger. 15

SEC. 25. State and municipal officers and employees not to lose pay while on duty. All officers and employees of the state, or a subdivision thereof, or a municipality therein, who are members of the national guard, shall, when ordered by proper authority to active service, be entitled to a leave of absence from such civil employment for the period of such active service, without loss of status or efficiency rating, and without loss of pay during the first thirty days of such leave of absence.

SEC. 26. Governor to be commander-in-chief. The governor shall be the commander-in-chief of the military forces, except so much thereof as may be in actual service of the United States, and may employ the same for the defense or relief of the state, the enforcement of its laws, and the protection of life and property therein.

SEC. 27. Staff of the governor—how selected. The staff of the governor shall consist of the adjutant general, who shall be the chief of staff; the assistant adjutant general, who shall be assistant chief of staff, and twelve aides. The aides shall be detailed at the pleasure of the governor, from the active, reserve, or retired commissioned personnel of the national guard, officers' reserve corps, or the regular army on duty in the state, with the rank then held by them or last held by them.

SEC. 28. The governor may order out troops. The governor shall have the power, in cases of insurrection, invasion, or breaches of peace, or imminent danger thereof, to order into the service of the state such of its military forces as he may think proper, under the command of such officer as he may designate.

SEC. 29. Aid to civil authorities. When the law enforcing officers of any subdivision or subdivisions of the state are unable to maintain law and order, the governor shall have the power, on the request of the civil authorities of such subdivision or subdivisions, in case of breaches of peace or imminent danger thereof, to order into active service of the state such of its military forces as he may deem proper, under the command of such officer as he may designate, for the purpose of aiding the civil authorities in maintaining law and order in such subdivision or subdivisions.

SEC. 30. Assault on troops. Whenever the national guard is called into service under proclamation of the governor for the performance of any duties contemplated in this act, any person who wilfully assaults, or fires at, or throws any dangerous missile at, against, or upon any member or body of the national guard so engaged, or civil officer or other persons lawfully aiding or assisting them in the discharge of their duties, shall be deemed guilty of a felony and upon conviction shall be imprisoned in the state penitentiary not more than two years.

SEC. 31. Compensation and expenses of the national guard. When in active service of the state, pursuant to the order of the governor, the compensation and expenses of the national guard and claims of the members thereof for injury or illness incurred in line of duty, shall be paid out of any funds in the state treasury not otherwise appropriated.

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SEC. 32. Courts of inquiry. Courts of inquiry, to consist of one 1 2 or more officers, may, and on the request of the officers involved shall, 3 be instituted by the governor for the purpose of investigating the conduct of any officer, or any accusation or imputation against him, 5 or any acts made the subject of military complaint. Such court of inquiry shall, without delay, report a statement of facts and, when 6 required, the evidence adduced and an opinion with recommendations thereon to the governor, who may, in his discretion, thereupon order court martial for the trial of the officer whose conduct has been 9 10 inquired into.

1 SEC. 33. Jurisdiction outside of occupied territory. Troops occupying a military district established under martial law, may, if

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- 3 necessary, pursue, arrest and subpoena persons wanted in said mili-4 tary district, anywhere within the state of Iowa.
- SEC. 34. Service of process. All peace officers of the state shall serve process and execute the orders of a military court in the same way and to the same extent as corresponding instruments of civil courts.
- SEC. 35. Offenders may be committed to jail. In default of payment of any fine, forfeiture, or costs imposed by any military court after approval of sentence by the reviewing authority, the offender shall be committed to any county jail designated by said courts for a period equal to one day for each dollar of fine imposed and unpaid.
 - SEC. 36. Prisoners to be kept in county jail. The keepers and wardens of all county jails or state institutions are required to receive and confine all military offenders or other persons when delivered to them, under the proper certificate of commitment of a military court or commanding officer, for and during the term of sentence or confinement as set forth in said commitment.
 - SEC. 37. Not liable for acts performed under orders. The commanding officer and members of any of the military forces engaged in the suppression of an insurrection, the dispersion of a mob, or the enforcement of the laws, shall have the same immunity as peace officers.
 - SEC. 38. Attorney general or judge advocate to defend. If a suit or proceeding shall be commenced in any court by any person against any officer of the military forces for any act done by such officer in his official capacity in the discharge of any duty under this chapter, or against any soldier acting under the authority or order of any such officer, or by virtue of any warrant issued by him pursuant to law, it shall be the duty of the attorney general or judge advocate to defend such person. The costs of such defense shall be paid out of any funds in the state treasury not otherwise appropriated. Before any suit or proceeding shall be filed or maintained against any officer or soldier as herein provided, the plaintiff shall be required to give security, to be approved by the court in a sum not less than one hundred dollars to secure the costs. If the plaintiff fails to recover judgment such costs shall be taxed and judgment rendered therefor against him and his sureties.
 - SEC. 39. No action shall be maintained. No action or proceeding shall be maintained against any officer by whom a military court is ordered, or against any member of a military court or commission, officer or agent acting under its authority, or reviewing its proceedings, on account of the imposition of a fine or penalty or for the execution of a sentence of any person, unless it be shown that such officer, member or agent has acted from motives of malice.
- SEC. 40. Adjutant general. There shall be an adjutant general of the state who shall be appointed and commissioned by the governor, upon the recommendation of a majority of the general officers and regimental commanders of the national guard, upon the expiration

of the term of the present adjutant general, and shall have the rank of brigadier general who shall hold office for a term of four years. At the time of his appointment he shall be a commissioned officer of the national guard with not less than ten years' military service in the armed forces of this state or of the United States, at least five of which have been commissioned service, and who shall have reached the grade of a field officer. He shall be removed only upon conviction of a violation of the articles of war, by a court martial appointed pursuant to such articles.

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SEC. 41. Assistant adjutant general. There shall be an assistant adjutant general of the state who shall be appointed by the governor, upon the recommendation of the adjutant general. He shall have such rank as is consistent with federal law and regulations and at the time of his appointment shall be a commissioned officer of the national guard with not less than five years' military service in the armed forces of this state or of the United States, at least three of which shall have been commissioned service and he shall have reached the grade of captain. He shall hold office as provided for the adjutant general.

SEC. 42. Duties of adjutant general and assistant adjutant general. The adjutant general shall have control of the military department of the state, and perform such duties as pertain to the office of the adjutant general under federal law and regulations. He shall superintend the preparation of all letters and reports required by the United States from the state, and perform all the duties prescribed by law. He shall have charge of the state military reservations, and all other property of the state kept or used for military purposes. It shall be the duty of the adjutant general to cause an inventory to be taken at least once each year of all military stores, property and funds under his jurisdiction. He shall in each year preceding a regular session of the general assembly make out a detailed report of the transactions of his office, the expenses thereof, and such other matters as shall be required by the governor for the period since the last preceding report, and the governor may at any time require a similar report.

The adjutant general shall make and preserve by counties a permanent registry of the graves of all persons who shall have served in the military or naval forces of the United States in time of war, and whose mortal remains may rest in Iowa.

The adjutant general is authorized to enter into an agreement with the secretary of war to operate the water plant at Camp Dodge for the use and benefit of the United States, its successors and assigns, upon such terms and conditions as shall be approved by the governor, provided, that such operation shall be at a profit to the state.

The assistant adjutant general shall serve in the office of the adjutant general and aid him by performing such duties as the adjutant general may assign him. In the absence or disability of the adjutant general he shall perform the duties of that office as acting adjutant general.

SEC. 43. Appropriation for inventory. For the purpose of making the inventory provided for in the foregoing section there is hereby

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3 appropriated the sum of twenty-five hundred dollars or so much 4 thereof as may be necessary for the biennium ending June 30, 1935.

SEC. 44. Military reservations — improvements. The adjutant general, with the approval of the governor, is authorized to expend from the funds appropriated for the support and maintenance of the national guard, and the permanent Camp Dodge improvement fund, such amounts as may be necessary in the purchase of additional land, erection of buildings and other improvements on the state military reservations and rifle ranges purchased by the state for the use of the national guard or purchased by the United States for the use of the national guard, when, in his judgment, such buildings and improvements will be for the benefit of the national guard.

SEC. 45. Swimming pool at Camp Dodge. The adjutant general shall have authority to lease or operate the swimming pool at Camp Dodge. The net proceeds therefrom shall be deposited with the treasurer of state as a permanent Camp Dodge improvement fund.

SEC. 46. Governor to appoint disbursing officer. The governor, pursuant to federal authority, shall appoint, designate, or detail, upon recommendation of the adjutant general, an officer of the national guard who shall be property and disbursing officer of the United States for the state of Iowa. He shall receipt and account for all funds and property belonging to the United States in possession of the national guard of this state, and shall make such returns and reports concerning the same as may be required by the secretary of war. He shall render, through the war department, such accounts of federal funds intrusted to him for disbursement as may be required by the treasury department. Before entering upon the performance of his duties as property and disbursing officer he shall be required to give good and sufficient bond to the United States, the amount thereof to be determined by the secretary of war, for the faithful performance of his duties and for the safekeeping and proper disposition of the federal property and funds intrusted to his care. The said property and disbursing officer may also be the quartermaster of the state.

SEC. 47. State quartermaster. There shall be detailed from the quartermaster corps of the state, an officer who shall be the quartermaster and property officer of the state, and as such, shall have charge of and be accountable for, under the adjutant general, all the state military property, and who may be the United States property and disbursing officer. He shall keep such property returns and reports on the same and shall give such bond to the state of Iowa as the governor may direct.

SEC. 48. Armory board. The governor shall appoint an armory board which shall consist of the adjutant general, and four other officers from the active, inactive, or retired commissioned personnel of the national guard. The board shall meet at such times and places as are ordered by the governor. The four officers so appointed shall serve at the pleasure of the governor. The board shall, for each unit of the national guard, fix the rent allowance to be paid by the state for other than state-owned armories, and shall acquire, contract,

9 erect, purchase, sell, maintain, repair and alter state-owned armories subject to the laws made and provided therefor. Said board may lease 11 property to be used for armory purposes, said lease to extend for 12 any period but not to exceed fifteen years.

The board shall fix the amount to be paid to commanding officers of each division, brigade, regiment, battalion, company or other unit of the national guard for headquarters expenses and shall provide by regulation how the same shall be disbursed by such commanding officers. The actions of the armory board shall be subject to the approval of the governor.

approval of the governor.

The allowances made by the armory board shall, when approved by the governor, be paid from the funds appropriated for the support and maintenance of the national guard.

SEC. 49. Tax exemptions of armories—use of public utilities. All personal and real property held and used for armory or military purposes shall be exempt from taxation; and it shall be lawful for any county or city or town which owns public utilities to grant to any organization or unit of the national guard, which is stationed in such place, the free use of such public utilities.

SEC. 50. Rifle ranges. The sum of three hundred dollars annually or so much thereof as is necessary, is hereby allowed to each company or other unit of the national guard for the procurement, construction, and maintenance of a rifle or pistol range. The payments herein provided shall be made from the funds appropriated for the support and maintenance of the national guard.

SEC. 51. Drill allowances for organizations. Each company or similar unit of the national guard showing attendance and actual drill of those present for such drills as are prescribed in compliance with the national defense act or subsequent amendment thereto, or substitute therefor, and such regulations as may be prescribed from time to time by the secretary of war, pursuant thereto, shall be allowed semiannually for miscellaneous military purposes, the sum of four dollars per capita, based on the average enlisted strength during such semiannual period, but when the average attendance during any semiannual period falls below fifty per cent of the average enlisted strength in that period, then and in that event such unit shall forfeit all right or claim to any such allowance. The semiannual periods herein referred to shall begin January first and July first. This allowance shall be paid from the funds appropriated for the support and maintenance of the national guard, and the adjutant general shall prescribe regulations governing its expenditure.

SEC. 52. Training. The governor may order the national guard into camp for field training each year for such period as he may direct. He may, in his discretion, order such organizations or personnel of the national guard, as he may deem proper, to assemble for purposes of drill, instruction, parade, ceremonies, guard and escort duty, and schools of instruction, and prescribe all regulations and requirements therefor.

The governor shall also provide for the participation of the national guard, or any portion thereof, in field training at such times

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and places as may be designated by the secretary of war, pursuant to any act of congress.

SEC. 53. Inspections. The governor may order such inspections of the different organizations, units and personnel of the national guard as he may deem proper and necessary.

The forms and mode of inspection shall be prescribed by the

5 adjutant general.

- SEC. 54. Service and merit badges. The adjutant general, from the funds appropriated for the support and maintenance of the national guard, shall procure and issue to the members of the national guard, entitled thereto, merit and/or service badges for such service and periods of service, under such regulations and according to the design and pattern thereof, as may be determined by the adjutant general. Members of the national guard who, by order of the president, have served or shall serve in federal forces during a national emergency, shall be entitled to count the period of such federal service toward the procurement of a service badge.
- SEC. 55. Trespass. Any person who shall trespass upon any military reservation, camp or armory, in violation of the orders of the commander thereof, or officer charged with the responsibility therefor, or shall molest, or interfere with any member of the national guard, in the discharge of his duty, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. The commanding officer of such force may order the arrest of such person and cause him to be delivered to a peace officer or magistrate.
- SEC. 56. Distribution and recovery of government property. The commanding officer of a company receiving clothing or equipment for the use of his command shall distribute same to the members of his command, taking receipts and requesting the return of each article at such time and place as he shall direct.

Upon the direction of any company commander it shall be the duty of the county attorney of the county where such military organization is located, to bring action in the name of the state of Iowa against any person for the recovery of any property issued by said company commander or his predecessor, or for the value thereof as set forth in the price list promulgated by the federal government.

All sums so collected shall be paid to such company commander and used for the replacement of military property charged to the organization.

SEC. 57. Supplies and equipment. All arms, clothing, equipment, and other military property furnished or issued by the federal government or the state or for which an allowance has been made, shall be used for military purposes only, and each officer and soldier upon being separated from the military service of the state, or upon demand of his commanding officer, shall forthwith surrender such military property in his possession to said commanding officer. Any member of the national guard who shall neglect to return to the armory of the unit, or place in charge of the commanding officer of the organization to which he belongs, any arms, clothing, equipment,

or other military property or portion thereof, belonging to the federal government or the state, upon being notified by said commanding officer so to do, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

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SEC. 58. Destruction or injury of military property. Every person who shall wilfully or wantonly injure or destroy any articles of arms, clothing, equipment, or other military property furnished or issued by the federal government or the state, and refuses to make good such injury or loss; or who shall sell, dispose of, secrete or remove the same with intent to sell or dispose of it, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars, or be imprisoned in the county jail for not more than four months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

SEC. 59. Call by president — term of service. Whenever the United States is invaded or in danger of invasion from any foreign nation, or of rebellion against the authority of the government of the United States, or the president is unable, with the regular forces at his command, to execute the laws of the union, it shall be lawful for the president to call forth such number of the national guard as he may deem necessary to assist in repelling such invasion, suppressing such rebellion, or to assist in enabling him to execute such laws, and to issue his orders for that purpose, through the governor, to such officers of the national guard as he may think proper; and the president may specify, in his call, the period for which such service is required, and the guard so called forth shall continue to serve during the term so specified, either within or without the territory of the United States, unless sooner relieved by order of the president; provided, that no commissioned officer or enlisted man of the guard shall be held to serve beyond the term of his existing commission or enlistment.

Whenever the president shall require, in any of the designated instances, more troops than can be supplied by the national guard, the governor shall, in his discretion, organize forthwith such other national guard forces as he may deem necessary, or order into the service of the United States so many of the unorganized militia of the state as is required, designating the same by draft if a sufficient number do not volunteer, and shall commission officers therefor.

Officers and enlisted men called into federal service through the guard shall upon completion of such service continue to serve the balance of their enlistment period the same as though it had not been interrupted by such service.

SEC. 60. Articles of war shall govern. Whenever any portion of the national guard shall be in "active service" as defined by section 2 of this chapter, the articles of war governing the armies of the United States as now or hereafter in effect, shall be in force and regarded as a part of this chapter, so far as said forces are concerned, until said forces shall be relieved from said duty; except that confinement in the penitentiary shall be in the penitentiary of this state, and provided that offenses committed while in active service may be tried and punished by a court martial lawfully appointed, after this active duty has terminated, and if found guilty the accused

- 11 shall be punished according to the articles of war and the rules and
- 12 regulations governing the United States armies, but within the
- 13 limits prescribed by federal law for courts martial in the national
- 14 guard; and provided, also, that in any case when the offense charged
- 15 is also made an offense by the civil law of this state, the officer whose
- duty it is to approve the charge may, in his discretion, order the person charged to be turned over to the civil authorities for trial.
- SEC. 61. Fines—disposition. The proceeds of all fines in summary, general and special court-martial cases shall be paid to the adjutant general and paid into the maintenance fund of the national quard, and all costs of prosecution shall be paid out of the same fund.
- SEC. 62. United States army regulations. All matters relating to the organization, discipline and government of the military forces not otherwise provided for in this chapter, shall be decided by the custom, regulations, and usage of the United States army.
- SEC. 63. Constitutionality. Should the courts of this state or of the United States declare any of the provisions of this chapter unconstitutional, illegal or void, such decision shall not invalidate any other provision herein contained.
- SEC. 64. Chapter twenty-eight (28), Code, 1931, and chapters seventeen (17) and eighteen (18) of the acts of the Forty-fifth General Assembly are hereby repealed.
- SEC. 65. Publication clause. This act, being deemed of immediate importance, shall be in full force and effect after its passage and publication in the Boone News-Republican, a newspaper published at Boone, Iowa, and in the Adams County Free Press, a newspaper published at Corning, Iowa.

Senate File No. 276. Approved March 6, 1934.

I hereby certify that the foregoing act was published in the Boone News-Republican, March 9, 1934, and Adams County Free Press, March 15, 1934.

Mrs. Alex Miller, Secretary of State.

CHAPTER 11

MEMORIAL BUILDINGS. COMMISSIONERS, ERECTION AND EQUIPMENT

S. F. 63

AN ACT to amend sections four hundred eighty-four (484) and four hundred ninety-two (492) of the Code, 1931, relating to memorial buildings and monuments, petitions and qualifications, and method of appointing commissioners.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

- 1 Section 1. That paragraph one (1) of section four hundred 2 eighty-four (484) of the Code of 1931, be amended by striking the
- 3 word "and" in line 7 and by adding a comma after the words "Ameri-
- 4 can Legion" in line 8 and inserting after said comma the following:
- 5 "disabled American veterans of the world war, and the veterans
- 6 of foreign wars of the United States."